

## ATTACHMENT A

## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- 1. (Currently amended) A solid support for a biochemical assay, comprising a support which is substantially linear or planar in shape, incorporates a spatially varying pattern for identification purposes, and has an anodised metal surface layer, probe molecules for the biochemical assay being bound to the surface layer, <u>and</u> all external dimensions of the support being less than 100 µm, whereby <u>if the biochemical assay is performed using a plurality of the supports in a transparent-based, 7 mm diameter, cylindrical well, at least about 100 to 130 of the supports will be readable through the <u>base of the wellan aqueous suspension for performing a bioassay is formable from a plurality of the supports present in a given area of aqueous suspension.</u></u>
- 2. (Original) A support according to claim 1, wherein the surface layer has a cellular structure anodisation layer, the growth direction of the cells of the anodisation layer being perpendicular to the plane of the surface layer.
- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Previously Presented) A support according to claim 1, wherein the surface layer is of anodised aluminum.

- 5. (Original) A support according to claim 1, wherein the surface layer is porous.
- 6. (Previously Presented) A support according to claim 5, wherein the pore size of the surface layer is approximately matched to the size of the bound probe molecules.
- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Previously Presented) A support according to claim 1, wherein said pattern is a barcode.
- 9. (Original) A support according to claim 8, wherein the barcode is a linear barcode.
- 10. (Original) A support according to claim 1, in which the pattern comprises a series of holes in the support.
- 11. (Withdrawn) A method of fabricating the supports of claim 1, comprising sputter coating a flat surface with metal layer, anodising the metal layer, and lithographically patterning and etching the metal layer to reveal the supports.

- 12. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 11, wherein said surface consists of layer of soluble material on a rigid substrate, and the method further comprises releasing the supports from said surface by solvation of the soluble material.
- 13. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 12, wherein the soluble material is a resist.
- 14. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 11, wherein the anodising is carried out at a voltage of up to 150 V.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 14, wherein the anodising is carried out at a voltage in the range from 4 V to 30 V.
- 16. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 11, further comprising binding probe molecules to the anodised metal layer.
- 17. (Withdrawn) A optical reader for reading the patterns and identifying the supports according to claim 7.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A reader according to claim 17, operating by means of transmission optics.

- 19. (Withdrawn) A reader according to claim 18, wherein said supports are transported through an optical read volume by a fluidic system.
- 20. (Withdrawn) A reader to claim 18, in which there are two substantially orthogonal light transmission paths.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A reader according to claim 20, incorporating one or more fluorescence detectors.
- 22. (New) A support according to claim 1, wherein the spatially varying pattern is adapted such that the identity of the spatially varying pattern is recognizable even when a fluorescent label is used in the biochemical assay to bind to the support.